

United States Department of Agriculture	January 22, 2021				
	INFORMATIONAL MEMORANDUM				
Farm Production and Conservation	TO:	All Approved Insurance Providers Writing in the State of Iowa			
Risk Management Agency	FROM:	Scott Tincher /s/ Scott Tincher Acting Director, St. Paul Regional Office			
St. Paul Regional Office	SUBJECT:	Actuarial Rates Resulting from Breached Levees in Iowa			
30 7 <sup>th</sup> Street E. Suite 1890 St. Paul, MN 55101-4901	I. <u>BAC</u>	KGROUND			
Telephone: (651) 290-3304		Due to the 2019 flood event, levees along the Missouri River in Iowa were breached. The following is a 2021 crop year policy provision ("Breached Levee			
Fax: (651) 290-4139	Statement") in the Special Provisions for spring planted crops with a 11/30 filing date:				
Email: RSOMN@usda.gov	"Land flooded due to a breach in a levee resulting from prior year(s) flooding is insurable. The applicable rate will be assigned based on conditions of the levee and soils on the latter of the sales closing date or earliest planting date. If, by that date, levee has not been repaired to prior specifications, or if damaged soil (if any) has n been restored to at least the same crop yield potential as prior to the flood event, th land will be classified as high-risk and will have the highest rate classification in the				

date, the has not ent, the land will be classified as high-risk and will have the highest rate classification in the county. However, if the levee is repaired to prior design specifications, and the soil has at least the same crop yield potential as before the flood, the land will be restored to the classification designated prior to the breach. If the levee has been temporarily or permanently repaired, but not to prior design specifications, by the latter of the sales closing date or earliest planting date, and the soil has at least the same crop yield potential as before the flood, then RMA may adjust the rate to an amount consistent with the level of flood risk by written agreement, if applicable. For RMA to consider any levee repair, RMA must be provided a certification from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or signed and sealed certification from a professional engineer who is currently licensed and registered in the state where the levee is located. For soils to be considered restored to the same crop yield potential as before the flood, you must sign a statement that damaged soil (if any) has been restored to at least the same crop yield potential as prior to the flood event"

#### II. **COUNTIES AFFECTED**

The breached levee statement was placed in the Special Provisions in the following Iowa counties: Fremont, Mills, and Pottawattamie.

Actuarial Rates Resulting from Breached Levees in Iowa January 22, 2021

# III. <u>CERTIFICATION REOUIREMENTS</u>

The breached levee statement requires breached levee system repairs to be certified. For levee systems within the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) jurisdiction, the St. Paul Regional Office (SPRO) should be able to obtain the necessary certification of repairs from USACE. For all other breached levee system, the SPRO must be provided a signed and sealed certification from a professional engineer who is currently licensed and registered in the state where the levee is located. Failure to provide the SPRO with the necessary certification will mean the breached levee statement will be applicable to the acreage flooded by a breach in that levee system.

The certification of levee system repair is only to address the breaches of the levee system. "Levee system repairs" means all the breaches in the levee system have been repaired. The certification should include the following information:

- i. The levee system name and location
- ii. The levee system has been repaired to prior specification (Y/N)
- iii. The levee system has been repaired to a temporary/permanent level of protection, but not to prior specifications (Y/N)
- iv. The date the levee system was repaired
- v. If temporary/permanent level of protection, but not to prior specifications, please provide the minimum overtopping height (in feet based on river gage station) of the repaired levee system. Please provide <u>Gage Height (in feet) of minimum overtopping</u> <u>height</u> and <u>Gage Name</u>

## IV. STATUS OF BREACHED LEVEES AS OF January 22, 2021

The levees listed in subsection A, B and C are not a comprehensive listing of all breached levees. The breached levee statement applies to all breached levees within the affected counties. There may be additional levees in the affected counties identified in Section II that may have breached. You may contact the SPRO at <u>RSOMN@usda.gov</u>, or (651) 290-3304, to report a breached levee not identified in Section IV A, B or C.

Repaired As of	Levee Name	County	
1/22/21	L-601 Levee District	Fremont	Mills

### A. Certified Repaired to Prior Specifications

### B. Not Repaired or Not Certified as Repaired

Levee Name	County		
None			

Actuarial Rates Resulting from Breached Levees in Iowa January 22, 2021

		Gage			
As of	Levee Name	Hght (ft)	Gage Name	County	
	L-575 Levee	Pre-flood	Nebraska		
3/4/20	District	LOP*	City	Fremont	
	L-594 Levee	Pre-flood			
3/4/20	District	LOP*	Plattsmouth	Fremont	
	L-611-614	Pre-flood	Plattsmouth		
3/4/20	Levee District	LOP*	Omaha	Mills	Pottawattamie
	Vanman Levee	Pre-flood			
3/16/20	District	LOP*	Blair	Pottawattamie	
	Harrison and				
	Pottawattamie				
	Drainage	Pre-flood			
3/16/20	District	LOP*	Blair	Pottawattamie	
	Honey Creek				
	Drainage and	Pre-flood			
3/31/20	Levee Districts	LOP*	Omaha	Pottawattamie	
		Pre-flood			
3/31/20	Pigeon Creek #2	LOP*	Omaha	Pottawattamie	

C. Certified Temporarily or Permanently Repaired, but not to Prior Specifications

\* Based on the certification from the USACE, the levee was temporarily repaired to the Level of Protection (LOP) it was prior to the levee breach. Therefore, for the 2021 crop year, the acreage behind the levee will carry the same map classification and subcounty rate it had prior to the levee breach. Please see the 2021 Actuarial Information Browser (AIB) for the applicable map classification and subcounty rate.

# V. <u>ACTION</u>

For cropland affected by a breached levee, the Approved Insurance Provider (AIP) is responsible for ensuring the stipulations in the breached levee statement are followed accordingly.

As noted, SPRO should be able to obtain the necessary certification of repairs from USACE. For all other breached levee system, the SPRO must be provided a signed and sealed certification from a professional engineer who is currently licensed and registered in the state where the levee is located. Insureds, agents or AIPS can provide this information directly by contacting SPRO. *Note: SPRO only needs to receive one certification that a levee system is repaired to be able to consider that levee system as repaired.* 

For more information on the breached levee statement, including "prior specifications," "damaged soil," and requesting written agreements, please visit our Frequently Asked Questions document at <u>www.rma.usda.gov/News-Room/Frequently-Asked-Questions/Breached-Levee-Statement</u>.

Actuarial Rates Resulting from Breached Levees in Iowa January 22, 2021

The AIB, <u>webapp.rma.usda.gov/apps/actuarialinformationbrowser/</u>, was updated on January 22, 2021, to reflect the appropriate map classifications and subcounty areas of the land flooded by the breached levee(s). The information in the AIB update reflects the status of certifications received on breached levee repairs as of January 22, 2021.

To assist AIPs, and provide the most up-to-date information, the SPRO will continue to issue maps of land flooded by the breached levees with Informational Memorandum's. As of the date of this Informational Memorandum, no more updates will be provided by the SPRO through the FTP File Access pertaining to the 2019 flood event. All breached levee maps have been removed and prior subcounty line designations apply. These lines can be viewed on the AIB at webapp.rma.usda.gov/apps/actuarialinformationbrowser/.

**Disposal:** Effective until otherwise superseded or the Special Provisions statement is removed from the counties' actuarial documents.